affiliated exchange companies. The affiliate may be staffed by personnel of its affiliated exchange companies, housed in existing offices of its affiliated exchange companies, and use its affiliated exchange companies' marketing and other services, subject to paragraph (a)(3) of this section.

- (1) For an incumbent independent LEC that provides in-region, interstate domestic interexchange services or inregion international interexchange services using no interexchange switching or transmission facilities or capability of the LEC's own (i.e., "independent LEC reseller,") the affiliate required in paragraph (a) of this section may be a separate corporate division of such incumbent independent LEC. All other provisions of this Subpart applicable to an independent LEC affiliate shall continue to apply, as applicable, to such separate corporate division.
 - (2) [Reserved]
- (c) An incumbent independent LEC that is providing in-region, interstate, domestic interexchange services or inregion international interexchange services prior to April 18, 1997, but is not providing such services through an affiliate that satisfies paragraph (a) of this section as of April 18, 1997, shall comply with the requirements of this section no later than August 30, 1999.

[64 FR 44425, Aug. 16, 1999]

Subpart U—Customer Proprietary Network Information

Source: $63\ FR\ 20338,\ Apr.\ 24,\ 1998,\ unless$ otherwise noted.

§ 64.2001 Basis and purpose.

- (a) *Basis.* The rules in this subpart are issued pursuant to the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.
- (b) *Purpose.* The purpose of the rules in this subpart is to implement section 222 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. 222.

§ 64.2003 Definitions.

Terms used in this subpart have the following meanings:

(a) Affiliate. An affiliate is an entity that directly or indirectly owns or controls, is owned or controlled by, or is

under common ownership or control with, another entity.

- (b) *Customer.* A customer of a telecommunications carrier is a person or entity to which the telecommunications carrier is currently providing service.
- (c) Customer proprietary network information (CPNI).
- (1) Customer proprietary network information (CPNI) is:
- (i) Information that relates to the quantity, technical configuration, type, destination, and amount of use of a telecommunications service subscribed to by any customer of a telecommunications carrier, and that is made available to the carrier by the customer solely by virtue of the customer-carrier relationship; and
- (ii) Information contained in the bills pertaining to telephone exchange service or telephone toll service received by a customer of a carrier.
- (2) Customer proprietary network information does not include subscriber list information.
- (d) Customer premises equipment (CPE). Customer premises equipment (CPE) is equipment employed on the premises of a person (other than a carrier) to originate, route, or terminate telecommunications.
- (e) Information service. Information service is the offering of a capability for generating, acquiring, storing, transforming, processing, retrieving, utilizing, or making available information via telecommunications, and includes electronic publishing, but does not include any use of any such capability for the management, control, or operation of a telecommunications system or the management of a telecommunications service.
- (f) Local exchange carrier (LEC). A local exchange carrier (LEC) is any person that is engaged in the provision of telephone exchange service or exchange access. For purposes of this subpart, such term does not include a person insofar as such person is engaged in the provision of commercial mobile service under 47 U.S.C. 332(c).
- (g) Subscriber list information (SLI). Subscriber list information (SLI) is any information: